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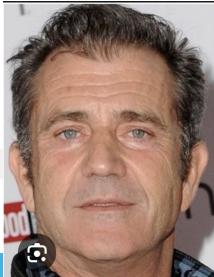


### Disclosures

• Smith and Nephew: consultant

### ACL Surgery: What determines Success?

- Surgeon: graft choice, meticulous technique, meniscus repair, cartilage, alignment
- Patient: compliance, psychology, grit
- MD/PT/ATC: post op rehab, return to sport testing



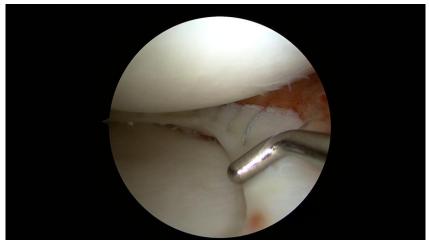
I don't make things complicated, that's the way they get all by themselves.

— Mel Gibson —

### ACL Surgery: 2025 state-of-the-art

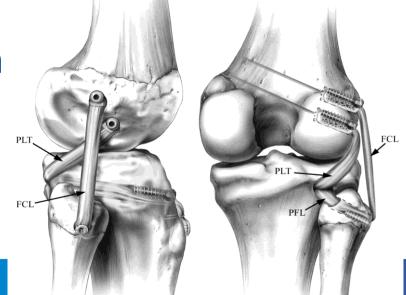
• Meniscus repair

 Recognizing combined injuries



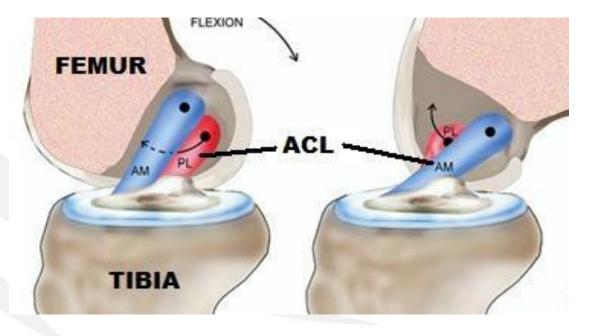
### • Extra-articular augmentation

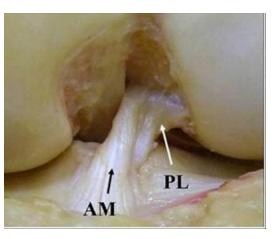




### ACL Structure and Function

- Primary restraint to anterior tibial translation
- 2 bundles-anteromedial and posterolateral to control translation and rotation.





# ACL Tears

- Common athletic injuries
- Anterior instability
- Lateral rotatory instability
- Diagnosis based on history, examination, and imaging
- Treatment
  - Nonop
  - Repair
  - Reconstruction
- Many techniques based on injury pattern, patient factors, activity level/goals



# ACL Tears: History

- Classic pop, swelling
- Improves, but subjective instability persists
- Exam
  - Swollen, quad avoidance, decreased motion
  - Lachman
  - Ant drawer
  - Pivot shift



# ACL Tears: Imaging

- Plain Radiographs
  - Segond Fracture
- MRI
  - Bone bruise pattern
  - ACL itself
  - Additional injuries
- CT scan, standing alignment
  - Revision cases

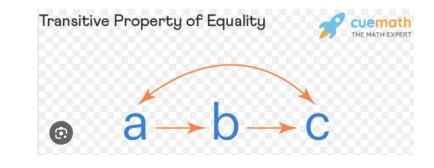


### ACL Tears: Treatment Non-Operative

- Lower demand patients
- Contraindications for surgery
- PT, activity modifications
- Bracing



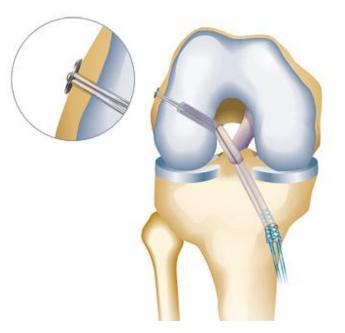
- OA risk does not differ, BUT...
- Risk of damage to cartilage and meniscus does, which then increases OA risk



### ACL Tears: Treatment Operative

### **Reconstruction**

- Most commonly performed treatment method
- Involves using patient's own tissue or cadaver graft to replace the ACL
  - Graft choice dependent on numerous factors
- High return to sport, return to play/activity
  - Influenced overall by demographic, functional, and psychological factors



### ACL Tears: Treatment Operative

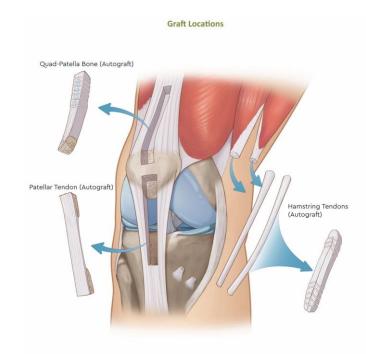
### **Additional Injuries**

- MCL tear
  - Most heal nonop, assess at time of OR
- Meniscal tears
  - Heal best when fixed at time of ACL
- Cartilage injuries
  - Decreases long term outcome
- PCL/PLC injuries
- Malalignment
  - High tibial osteotomy v DFO



### ACL Tears: Treatment Graft Choice

- Autograft
  - Patient's own tissue
  - THE CHOICE for young patients
  - Faster incorporation
- Allograft
  - Cadaver tissue
  - Many options
  - Perhaps less painful?
  - Over 40 years or so, no difference



### ACL Tears: Treatment Graft Choice

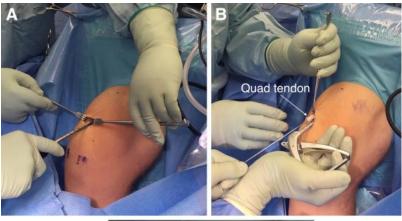
- Bone-Patellar Tendon-Bone (BTB)
  - Longest track record
  - Still considered "gold standard"
  - Bone to bone healing
  - 2600 N load to failure
  - Anterior knee pain?
  - Surgery hurts

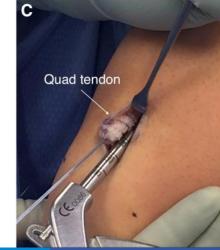


### ACL Tears: Treatment Graft Choice

- Quadriceps Tendon Autograft
  - +/- Bone block
  - Avoids tibial tubercle physis
  - 2200 N load to failure

- Hamstring Autograft
  - Flexible technique
  - Quadrupled HS graft v strong (4000N)
  - Concerns
    - Stretch out, especially in females
    - Residual weakness





### <u>Repair</u>

- What's old is new...
- Strict(er) indications
- Theoretical benefits of keeping own ACL, own cells, "own knee"
- Still requires extended recovery and rehab

# ACL Tears: Treatment Operative

J. Richard Steadman, orthopedic guru for elite athletes, dies at 85





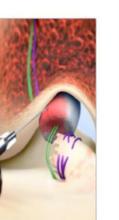
Torn ACL

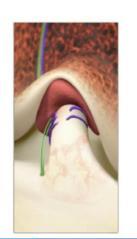
Place BEAR<sup>™</sup> implant between torn ACL ends. Add blood.



Healing ACL tissue replaces BEAR™ implant.









### ACL Repair: What's old is new

- Feagin and Curl, 1972
  - 2 year follow-up: 25 of 30 patients with good to excellent results

0363-5465/82/1002-0103\$02.00/0 THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF SPORTS MEDICINE, Vol. 10, No. 2 © 1982 American Orthopaedic Society for Sports Medicine

# Primary surgical treatment of anterior cruciate ligament lesions\*

JOHN L. MARSHALL, † DVM, MD, FACS, RUSSELL F. WARREN, ‡ MD, FACS, AND THOMAS L. WICKIEWICZ,§|| MD

### ACL Repair: Concerning Midterm Results



Figure 1—Drawing illustrates method of surgical repair of anterior cruciate ligament. After a figure eight suture is made in the ligament, the suture is passed through drill holes in the lateral condyle and secured.

TABLE I	Functional Evaluation	
	Parameter	Cadets affected $(n = 32)$
Military dut	y	
Full duty		22
Ranger airborne		23
Combat duty		16
Athletic end	eavors	
Impairment of ordinary activity		24
Ordinary ac	tivity	
Impairment		12
Subjective r	atings (%)	
Pain		71
Swelling		66
Stiffness		71
Instability		94

### ACL Tears: Treatment Operative

### BEAR ACL Repair

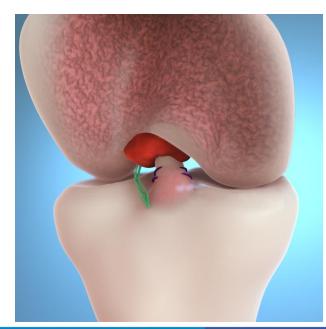


Winner of the O'Donoghue Award

#### Bridge-Enhanced Anterior Cruciate Ligament Repair Is Not Inferior to Autograft Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction at 2 Years

#### **Results of a Prospective Randomized Clinical Trial**

Martha M. Murray,<sup>\*</sup> MD, Braden C. Fleming, PhD, Gary J. Badger, MS, The BEAR Trial Team, Dennis E. Kramer, MD, Lyle J. Micheli, MD, and Yi-Meng Yen, MD, PhD *Investigation performed at Boston Children's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts, USA* 



### ACL Tears: Treatment Pediatric ACL Tears

- Open physis
  - Physis sparing
  - Trans physeal
  - Partial trans physeal
  - Adult reconstruction
- Bone block v soft tissue?



• BEAR repair?

### ACL Tears: Postop Rehab

- Immediate postop
  - Ice, WBAT (isolated ACL), emphasis on early full passive extension
- Early rehab
  - Work on motion and strength
  - Emphasis on closed chain activities
  - Blood flow restriction therapy
- Return to play
  - Various RTP assessments
  - Young? 9 months minimum
  - Big psychologic effect, emerging research



### Roundtable discussion

- Dr.'s Beiro, Buckley, Gatt and Swan
- If you have questions, please enter them in the group chat. We will try to address them in the roundtable.
- If we do not address them, we will be available after the chat to answer questions in the group chat.

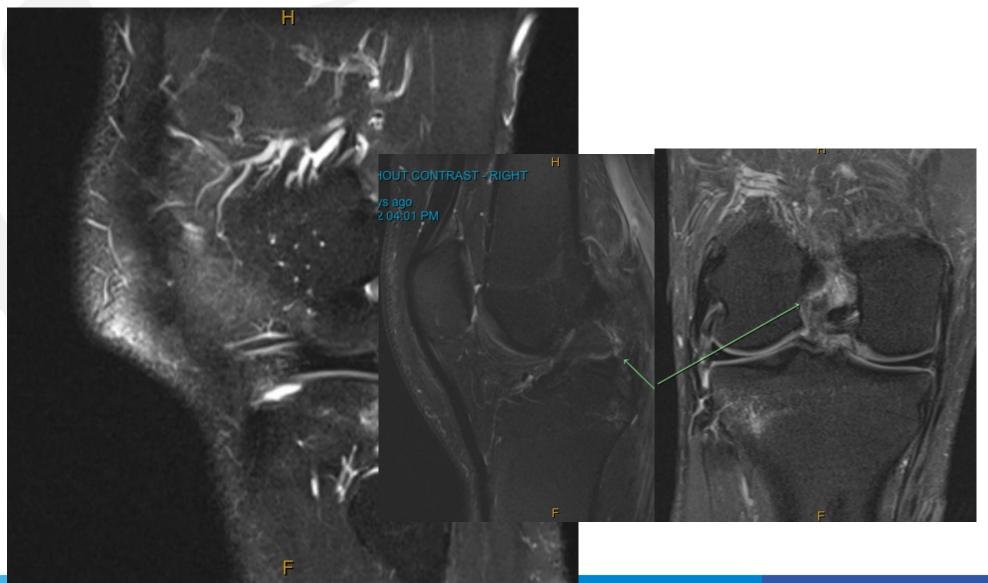
### Case 1

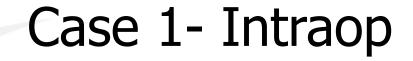
- 21 yo collegiate wrestler (junior)
- 2B Lachman
- +pivot glide
- Tried to wrestle, feels loose and gives way





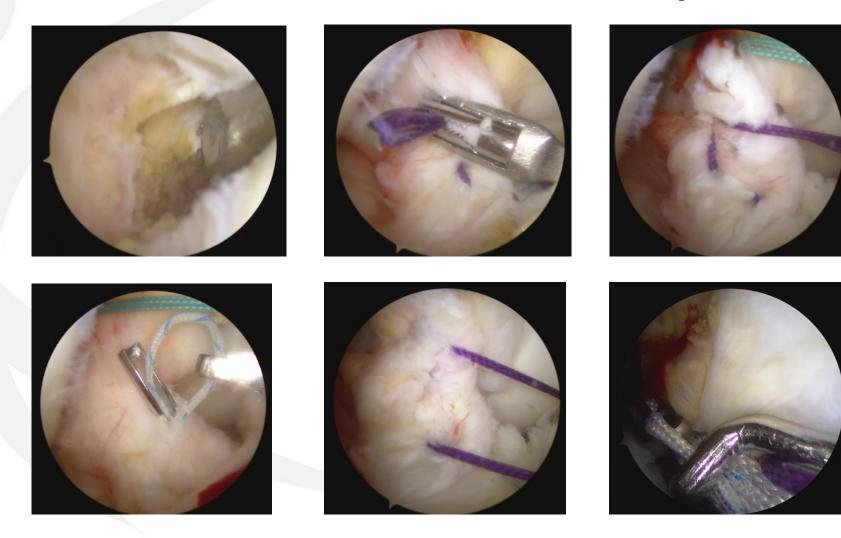
### Case 1-MRI







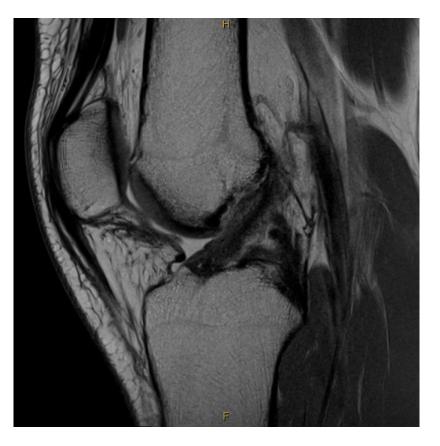
### Case 1: BEAR ACL Repair



# Case 1 Follow up

- Vague pain at 7mo
  - MRI normal
  - Normal lachman
- Returned to collegiate wrestling

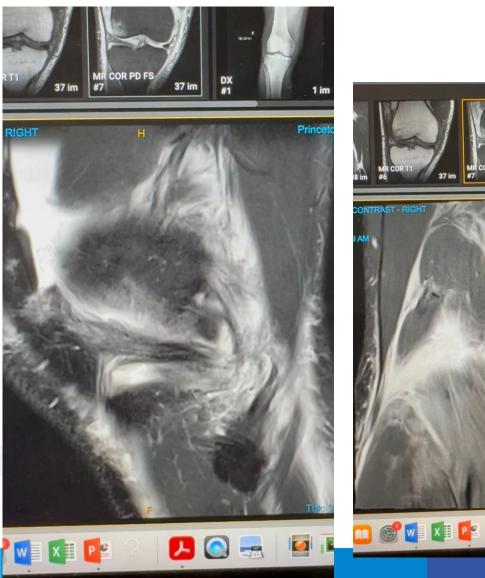




20 yo M collegiate lacrosse player

- Junior, plans to play 5 years
- 2B Lachman, no varus instability
- Family history of ACL
  - Dad, sister x 3

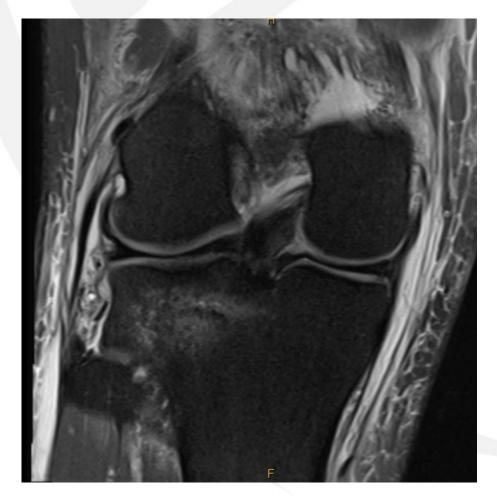
Case #2

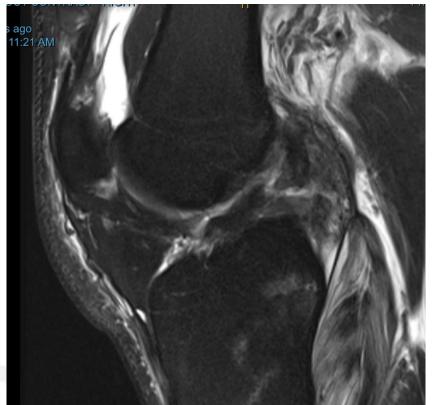




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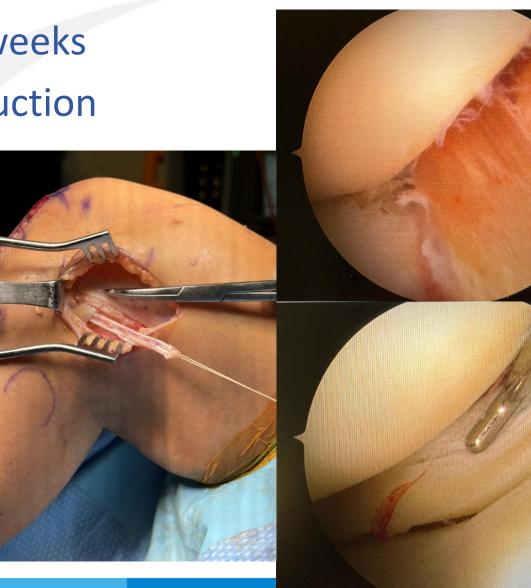
# ACL, proximal MCL, LM tear, intact PLC but edematous





### Case #2

- Surgery at 4 weeks
- ACL Reconstruction
  - BTB Auto
  - LM repair
  - LET



### Case #2

- Did great, doing return to sport testing now
- Plans to play 2 more years of collegiate lacrosse

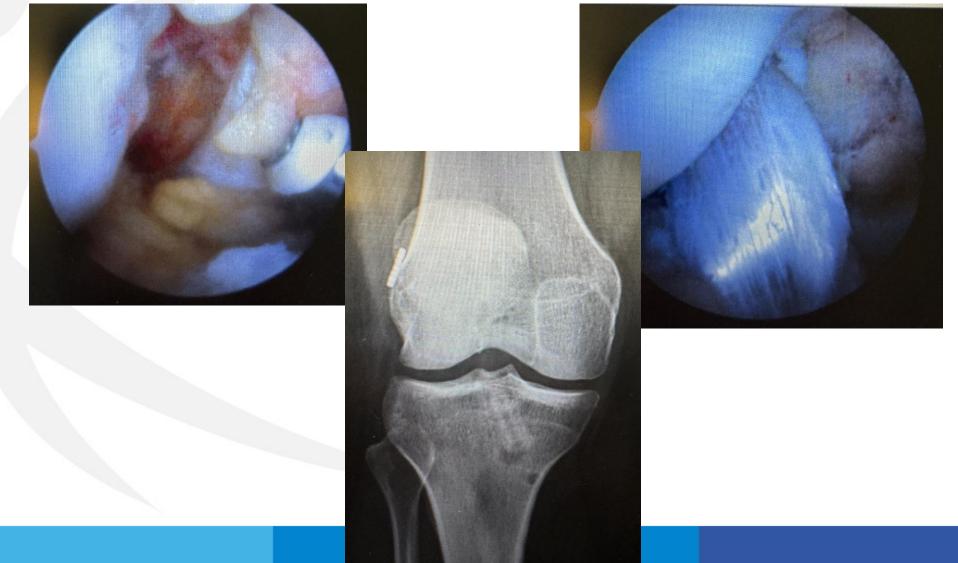


### Case #3

- 43 yo pediatrician
- Recreational tennis
- Injury 2 years ago, tried PT x 1 yr
- Feels loose with sports, chasing kids

ACL and medial meniscus tear

# Allograft ACL recon, MM repair





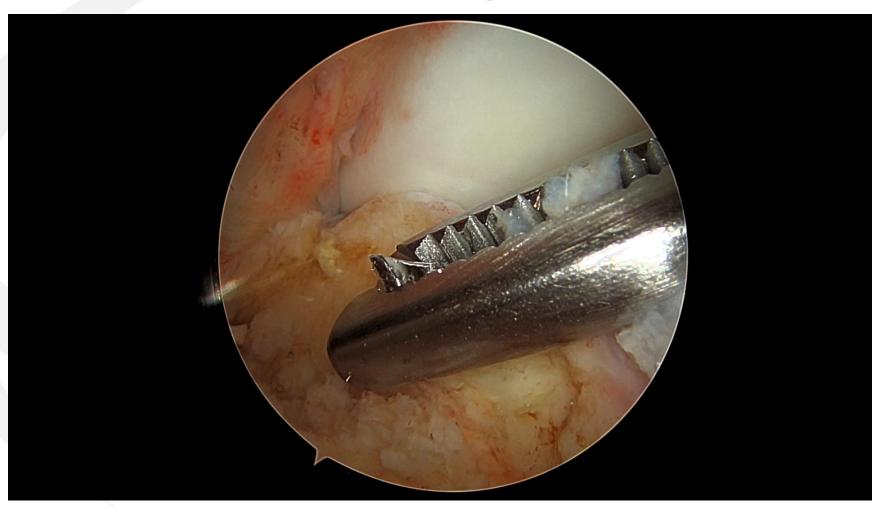
### Quad Auto case



• Questions?

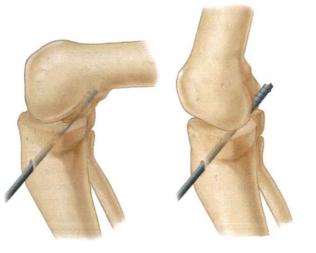
patrickb@uognj.com





- Tunnel Trouble
  - Femoral tunnel
    - 1-2mm rim of "back wall"
    - 10 o'clock, or 2 o'clock horizontal graft

#### Femoral Tunnel Blowout



Tibial tunnel

- 10-11mm in front of anterior PCL insertion
- 6mm anterior to median eminence
- 9mm posterior to inter-meniscal ligament



Tunnel Trouble

vertical Graft More-Horizontal Graft e in extension ight in flexion impingement in ext

- Femoral tunnel
  - Too vertical?
    - Rotational instability
  - Too anterior?
    - Tight in flexion, loose in extension
    - "Resident's ridge"
  - Too posterior?
    - Loose in extension, tight in flexion
- Tibial tunnel
  - Too anterior?
    - Tight in flexion, roof impingement in ext
  - Too posterior?
    - Impingement with PCL

- Fixation bone blocks
  - Metal screws
  - Biointerference screws
  - BTB tightrope
- Fixation soft tissue
  - Femoral button
  - Biointerference screws
  - +/- anchors
  - All-inside technique

